

## ALGEBRAIC MODULAR FORMS – EXERCISES AND ACTIVITIES II

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- (1) Let  $E = \mathbb{Q} + \mathbb{Q}i + \mathbb{Q}j + \mathbb{Q}k$  with  $ij = k = -ji$ .
- (a) Suppose  $i^2 = j^2 = 1$ . Show that  $E \cong M_2(\mathbb{Q})$ .
  - (b) Suppose  $i^2 = -1$  and  $j^2 = -p$  with  $p \equiv 3 \pmod{4}$ . Show that the  $E$  you get for different  $p$  are nonisomorphic. (Hint: Consider discriminants.)
  - (c) Suppose  $i^2 = -1$  and  $j^2 = -p$  with  $p \equiv 1 \pmod{4}$ . Show that  $E \cong \mathbf{H}$ .
- (2) (a) Let  $E$  be the quadratic field extension of  $F$  obtained by adjoining a root  $\alpha$  of the irreducible quadratic polynomial  $f(x)$ . Let  $K$  be a field extension of  $F$  in which  $f(x)$  factors. Show that  $E \otimes_F K \cong K \oplus K$ .
- (b) Show that  $\mathbf{H} \otimes_{\mathbb{Q}} \mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-1}) \cong M_2(\mathbb{Q}(i))$ .
- (3) Suppose  $(V, h) = (E^n, \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \bar{y}_i)$ . Show that

$$\mathrm{GU}(V, h) = \{A \in \mathrm{GL}_n(E) : A\bar{A}^t = cI \text{ for some } c \in F^\times\},$$

$$\mathrm{U}(V, h) = \{A \in \mathrm{GL}_n(E) : A\bar{A}^t = I\}.$$

- (4) (a) Suppose  $E = F \times F$  and  $(V, h) = (E^n, \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \bar{y}_i)$ . Show that  $\mathrm{U}(V, h)$  is canonically isomorphic to  $\mathrm{GL}_n(F)$ .
- (b) (Lengthy) Suppose  $E = M_2(F)$  and let  $(V, h)$  be a Hermitian  $E$ -space of  $E$ -rank  $n$ . Let  $e_{11} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  and let  $V' = e_{11}V$ . Show that  $\dim_F V' = 2n$ . Show that there is a unique function  $h' : V' \times V' \rightarrow F$  such that  $h(x, y) = h'(x, y)e_{12}$  for all  $x, y \in V'$ . Show that  $h'$  is symplectic and conclude that  $(V', h')$  is a symplectic space of dimension  $2n$ . Show that  $(V, h) \mapsto (V', h')$  extends to an equivalence of the category of Hermitian  $E$ -spaces with the category of symplectic  $F$ -spaces (i.e., Explain how to map morphisms). Conclude that there is a canonical isomorphism  $\mathrm{GU}(V, h) \rightarrow \mathrm{GSp}(V', h')$  that restricts to an isomorphism  $\mathrm{U}(V, h) \rightarrow \mathrm{Sp}(V', h')$ .