

# Approximation of Riemann's Zeta Function by Finite Dirichlet Series. III

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<http://logic.pdmi.ras.ru/~yumat/personaljournal/finitedirichlet>

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$$\Delta_N(s) = 1^{-s} + \delta_{N,2}2^{-s} + \cdots + \delta_{N,N}N^{-s}$$

$$g(s)\Delta_N(s) \stackrel{?}{=} g(1-s)\Delta_N(1-s)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_1 - 1.064 \dots \cdot 10^{-394} - 2.365 \dots \cdot 10^{-395}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{201} + 4.279 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} - 2.773 \dots \cdot 10^{-394}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{401} - 7.344 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} + 1.315 \dots \cdot 10^{-394}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{601} - 9.371 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} - 6.435 \dots \cdot 10^{-395}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{801} - 8.177 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} - 1.095 \dots \cdot 10^{-394}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{1001} - 8.978 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} - 8.220 \dots \cdot 10^{-395}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{1201} + 1.398 \dots \cdot 10^{-394} - 3.255 \dots \cdot 10^{-394}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{1401} - 9.902 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} - 2.367 \dots \cdot 10^{-395}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{1601} - 9.706 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} - 4.342 \dots \cdot 10^{-395}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{1801} - 9.370 \dots \cdot 10^{-395} + 6.438 \dots \cdot 10^{-395}i) \\ 0 &= \Delta_N^\Gamma(\rho_{2001} + 2.075 \dots \cdot 10^{-323} + 1.276 \dots \cdot 10^{-322}i) \end{aligned}$$

Function  $\nu_{N,L}^\Gamma(s)$

$$\Delta_N^\Gamma(s) = \sum_{n=1}^N \delta_{N,n}^\Gamma n^{-s} \leftrightharpoons \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+1} n^{-s} = (1 - 2 \cdot 2^{-s}) \zeta(s)$$

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$$\zeta(s) \stackrel{?}{\approx} \frac{\Delta_N^\Gamma(s)}{\nu_{N,L}^\Gamma(s)}$$

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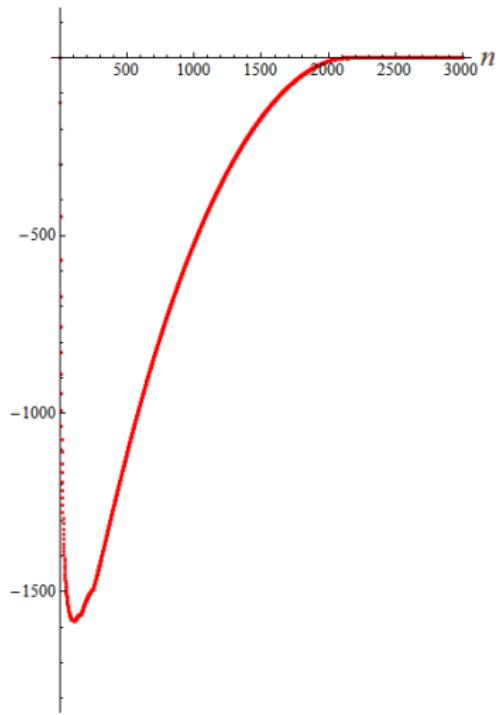
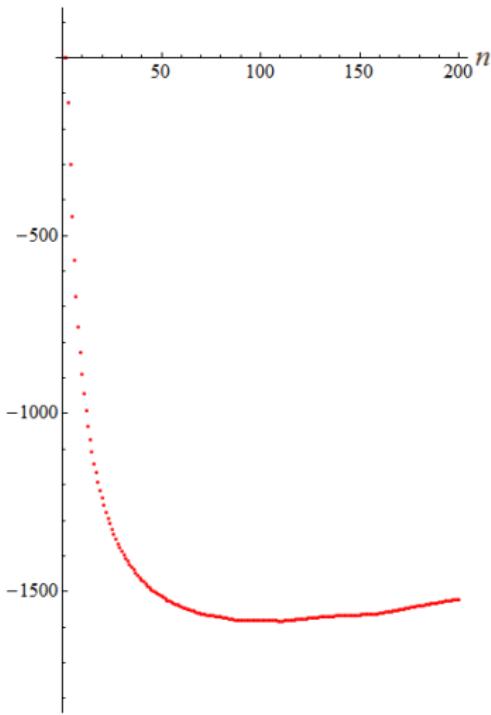
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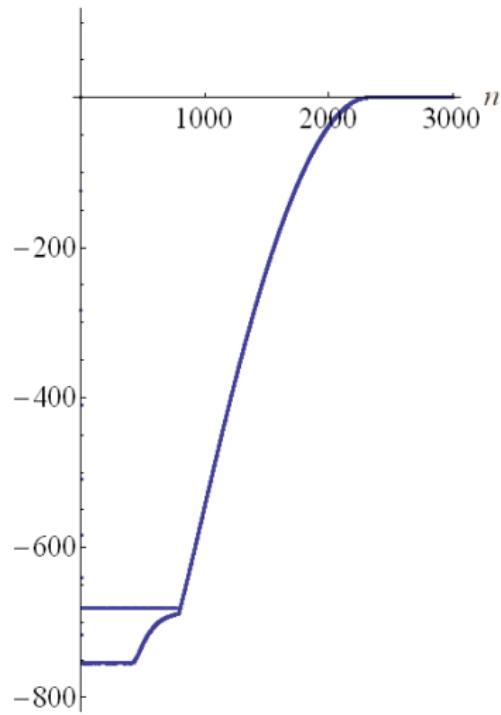
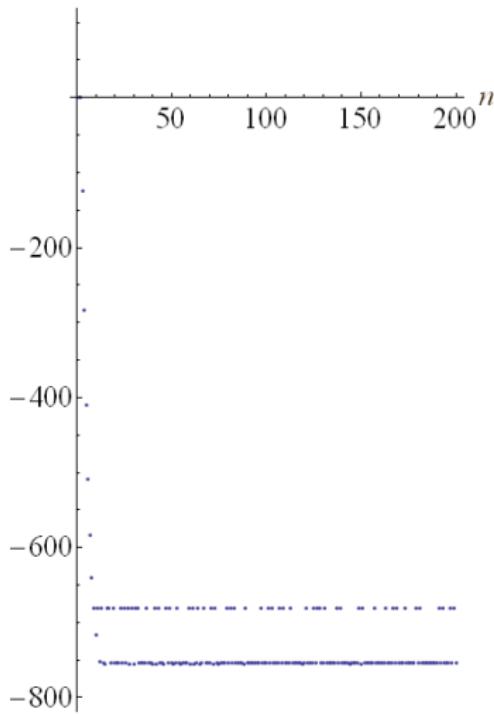
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## Numbers $\log_{10} |\mu_{3001,n}|$ (slide repeated)



$$\mu_{N,n} = \sum_{m|n} \mu\left(\frac{n}{m}\right) \delta_{N,n}$$

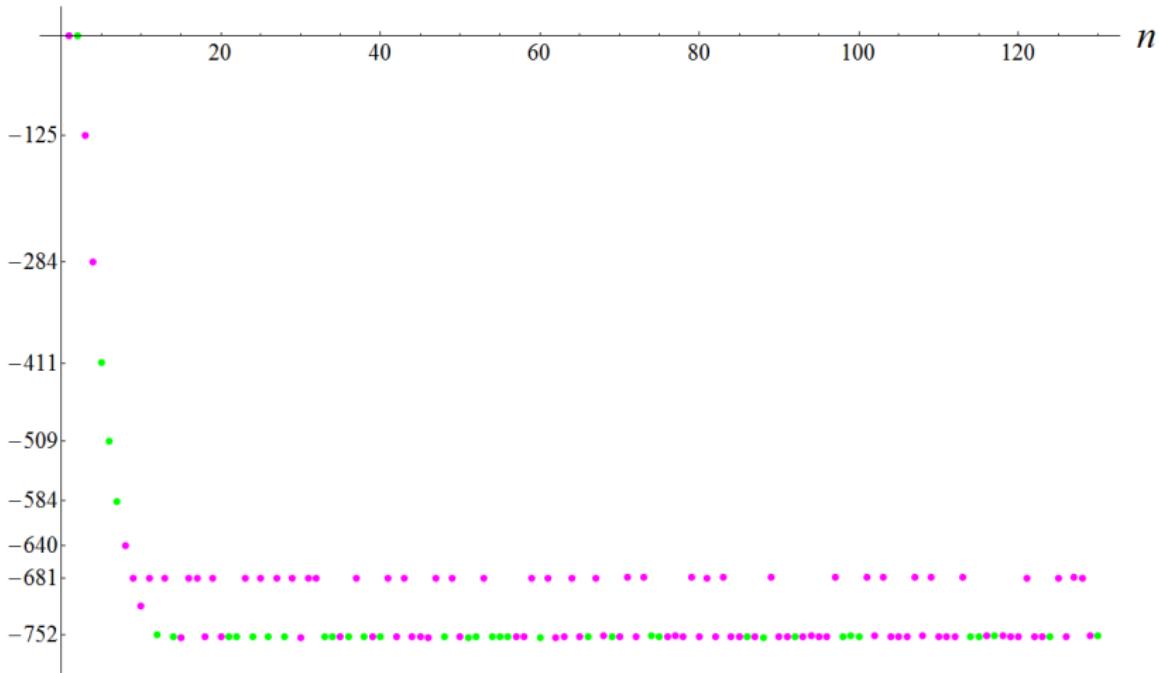
Numbers  $\log_{10} |\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}|$



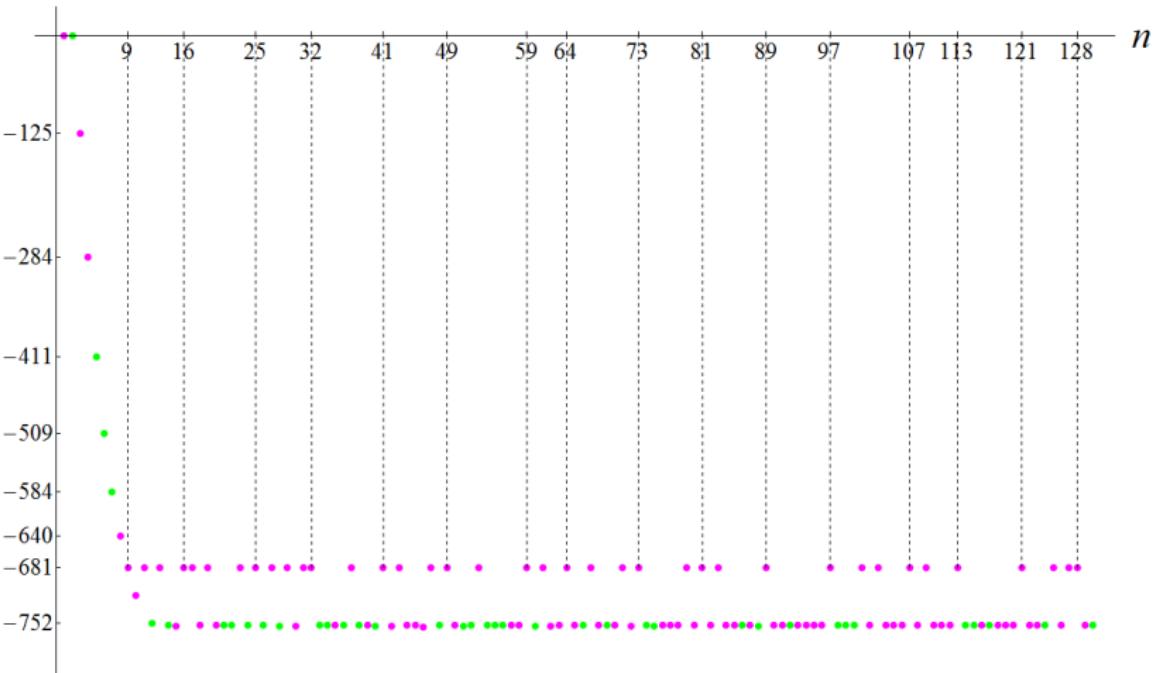
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$\log_{10}(|\mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma|)$ , magenta, if  $\mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma > 0$ , green otherwise

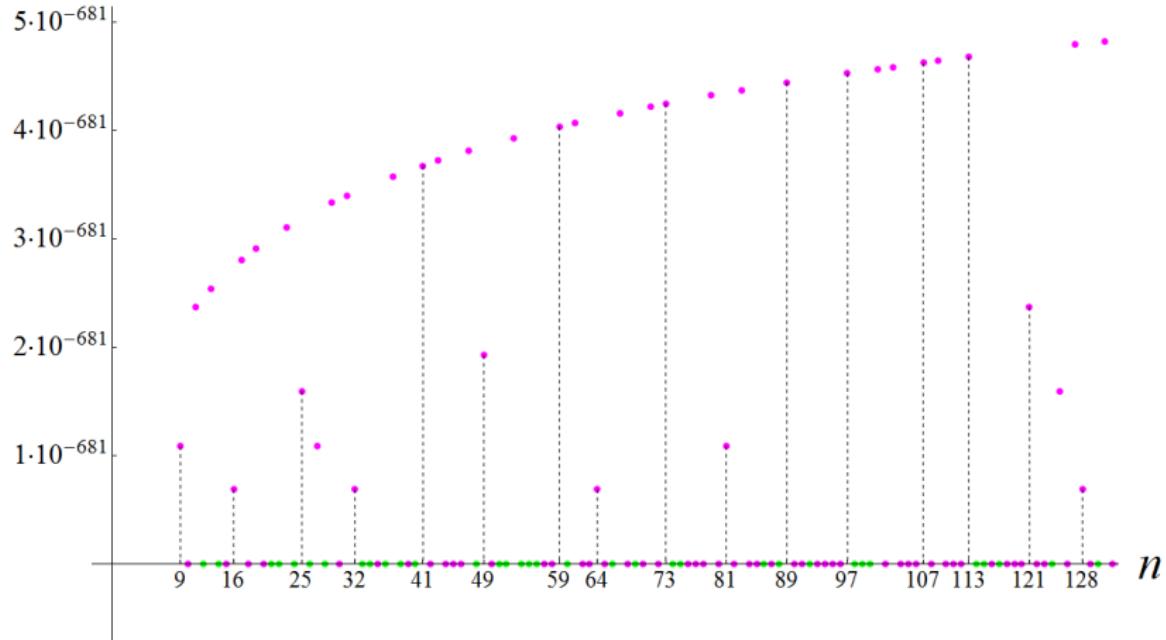
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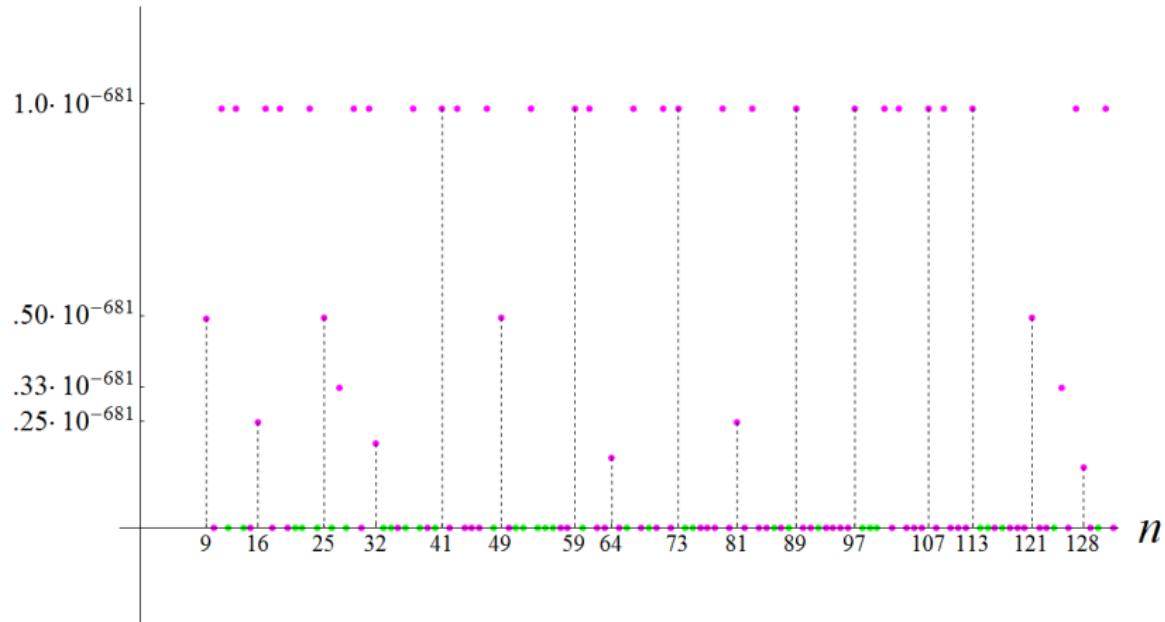
$\log_{10}(|\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}|)$ , magenta, if  $\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma} > 0$ , green otherwise



$\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}$ , magenta, if  $\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma} > 0$ , green otherwise



$\frac{\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}}{\ln(n)}$ , magenta, if  $\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma} > 0$ , green otherwise



$$\frac{\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}}{\Lambda(n)}$$

$\omega_{3000}$

9 16 25 32 41 49 59 64 73 81 89 97 107 113 121 128  $n$

9

16

25

32

41

49

59

64

73

81

89

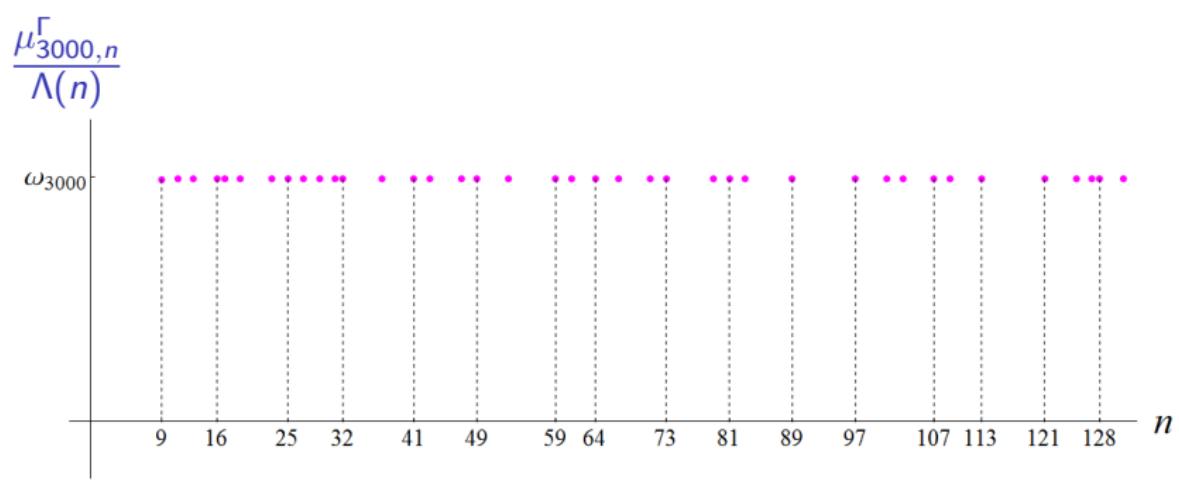
97

107

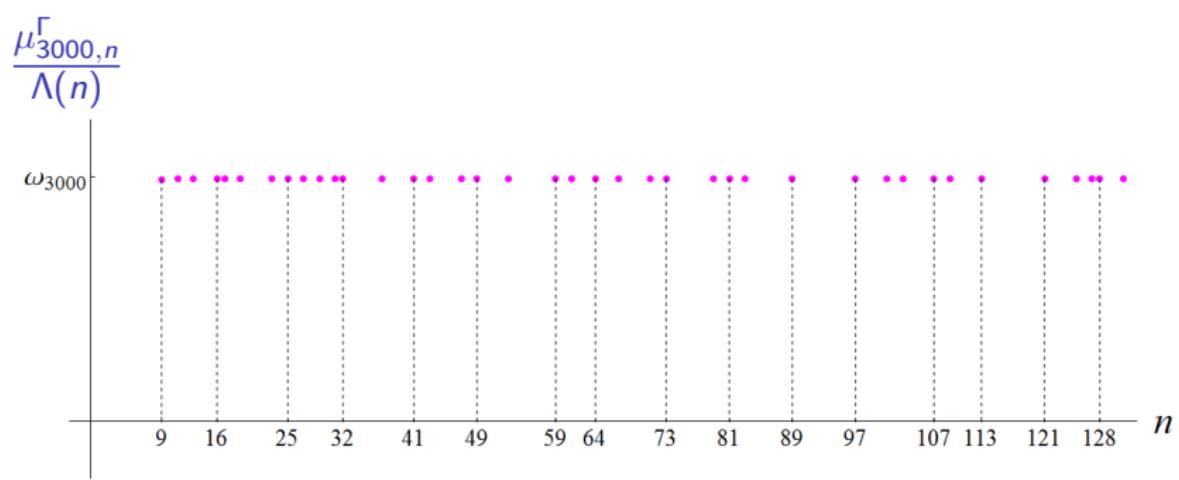
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128

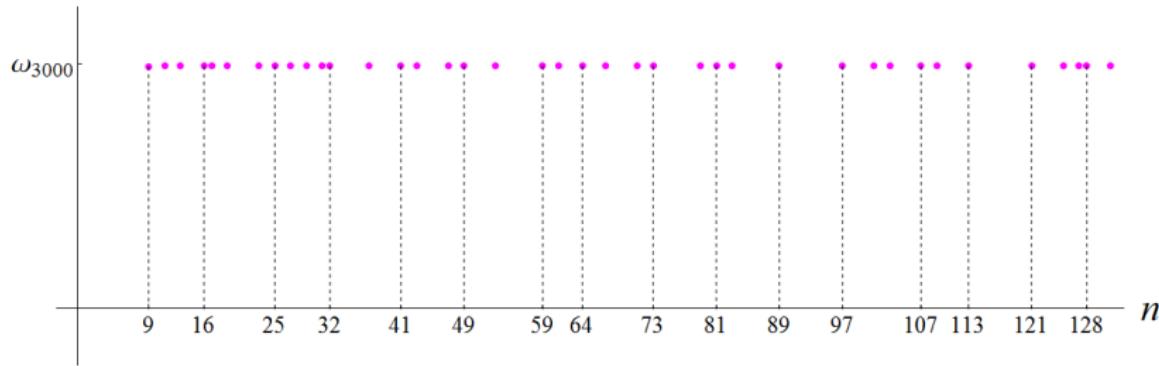


$$\omega_{3000} = \frac{\mu_{3000,13}^{\Gamma}}{\ln(13)}$$



$$\omega_{3000} = \frac{\mu_{3000,13}^{\Gamma}}{\ln(13)} = 9.895811\dots \cdot 10^{-682}$$

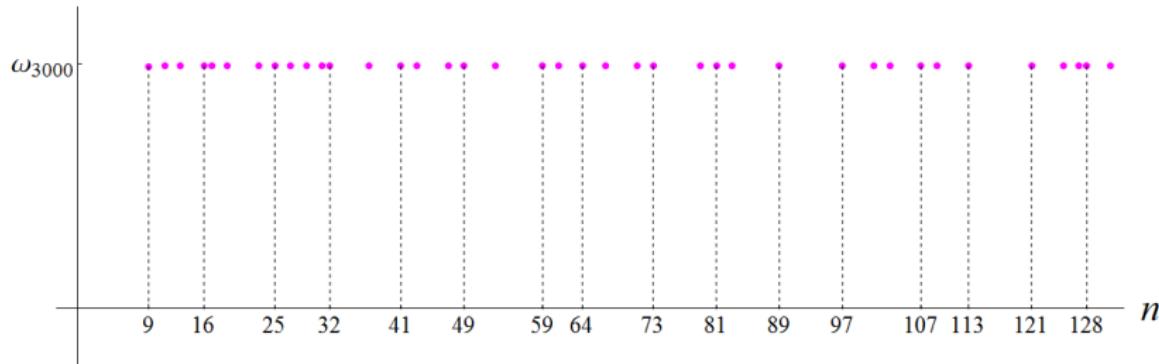
$$\frac{\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}}{\Lambda(n)}$$



$$\omega_{3000} = \frac{\mu_{3000,13}^{\Gamma}}{\ln(13)} = 9.895811\dots \cdot 10^{-682}$$

$$\left| \frac{\mu_{3000,p^k}^{\Gamma} / \ln(p)}{\omega_{3000}} - 1 \right| < 3.85\dots \cdot 10^{-73} \text{ for } 13 \leq p^k \leq 419, \text{ } p \text{ is a prime}$$

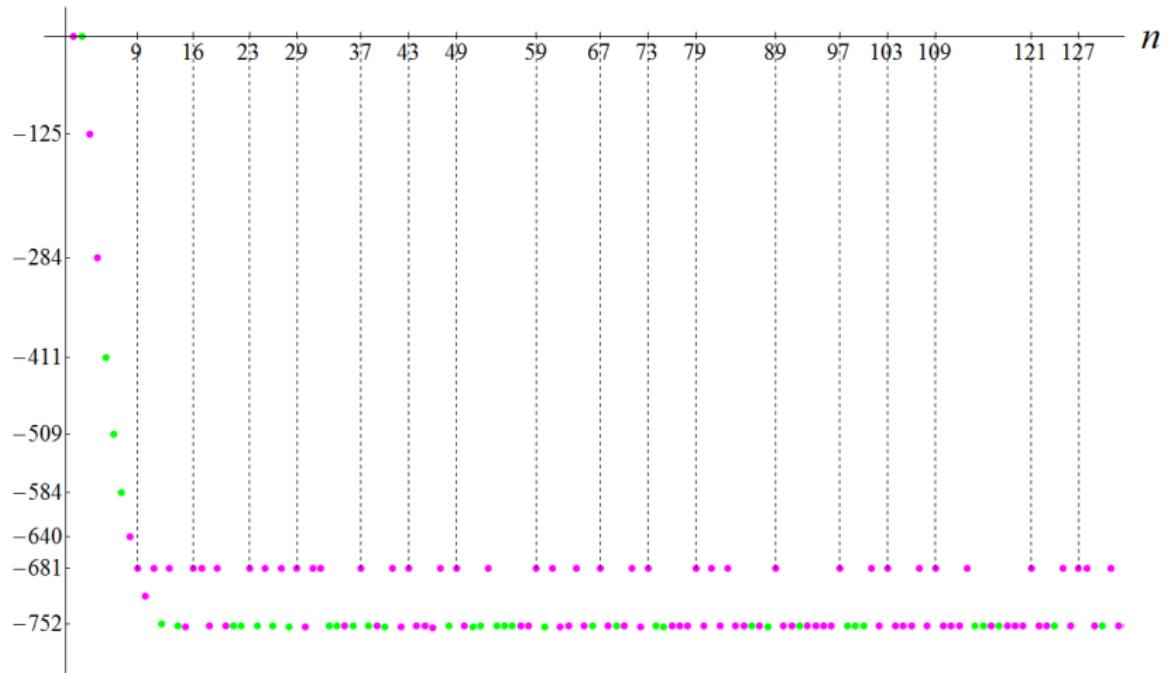
$$\frac{\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}}{\Lambda(n)}$$



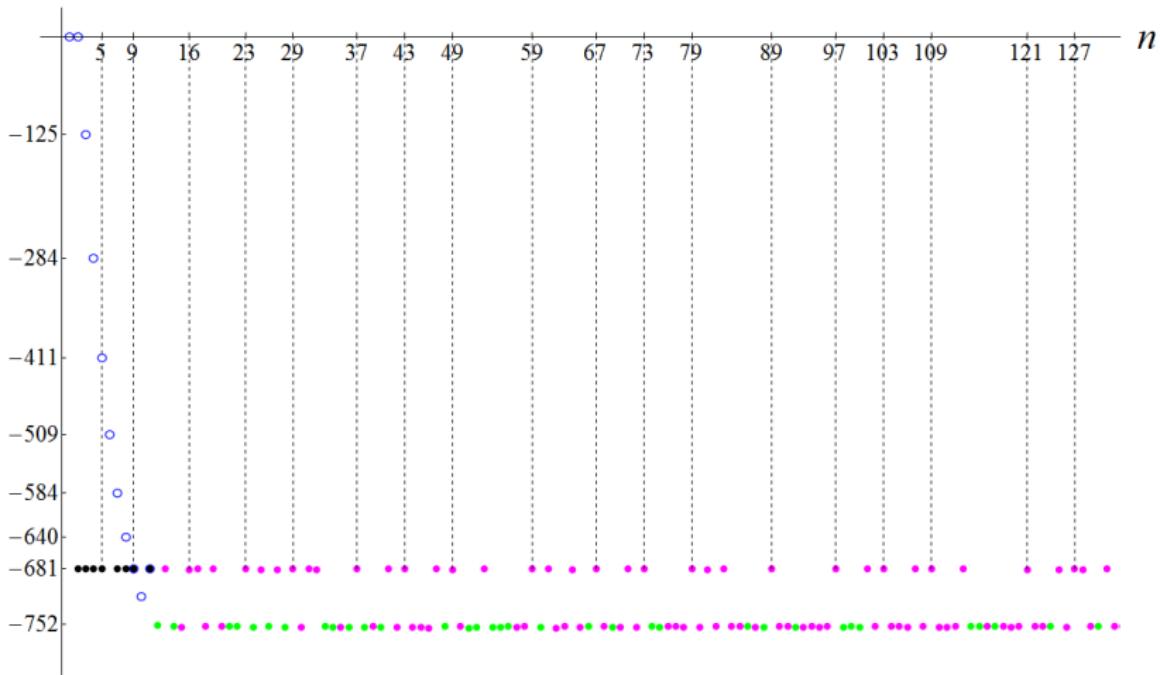
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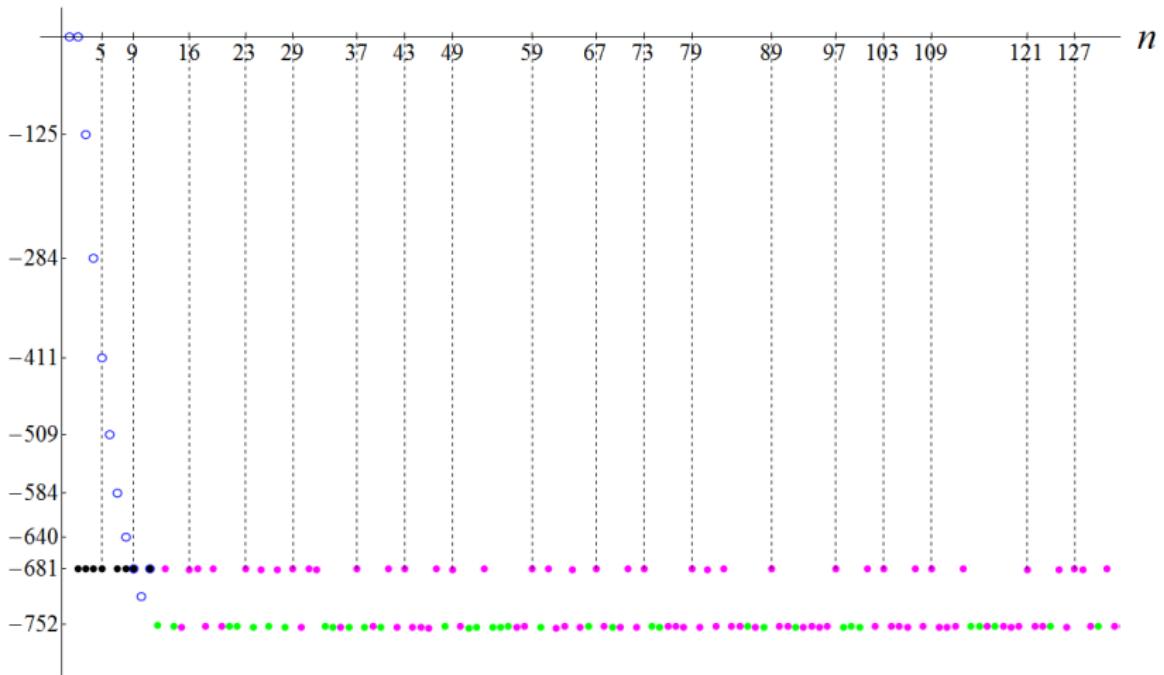
$$\left| \frac{\mu_{3000,p^k}/\ln(p)}{\omega_{3000}} - 1 \right| < 3.85\dots \cdot 10^{-73} \text{ for } 13 \leq p^k \leq 419, \text{ } p \text{ is a prime}$$

$$\left| \frac{\mu_{3000,p^k}^{\Gamma}}{\ln(p)} - \omega_{3000} \right| < 3.81\dots \cdot 10^{-754} \text{ for } 13 \leq p^k \leq 419, \text{ } p \text{ is a prime}$$

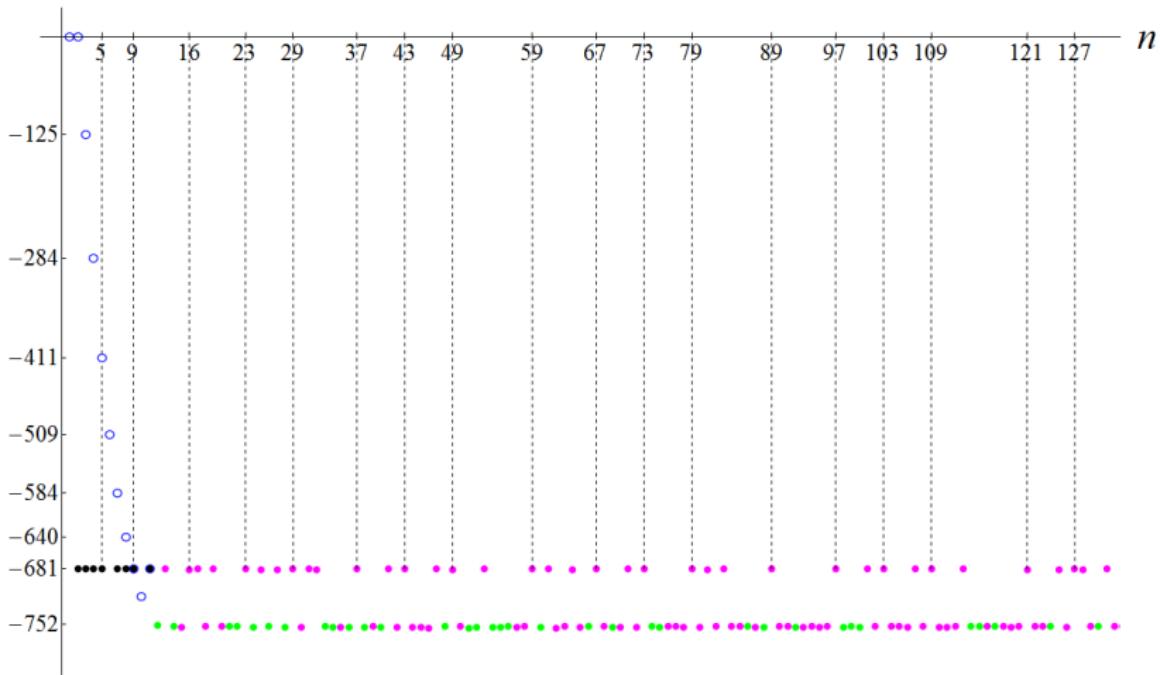


$$\frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma n^{-s}$$

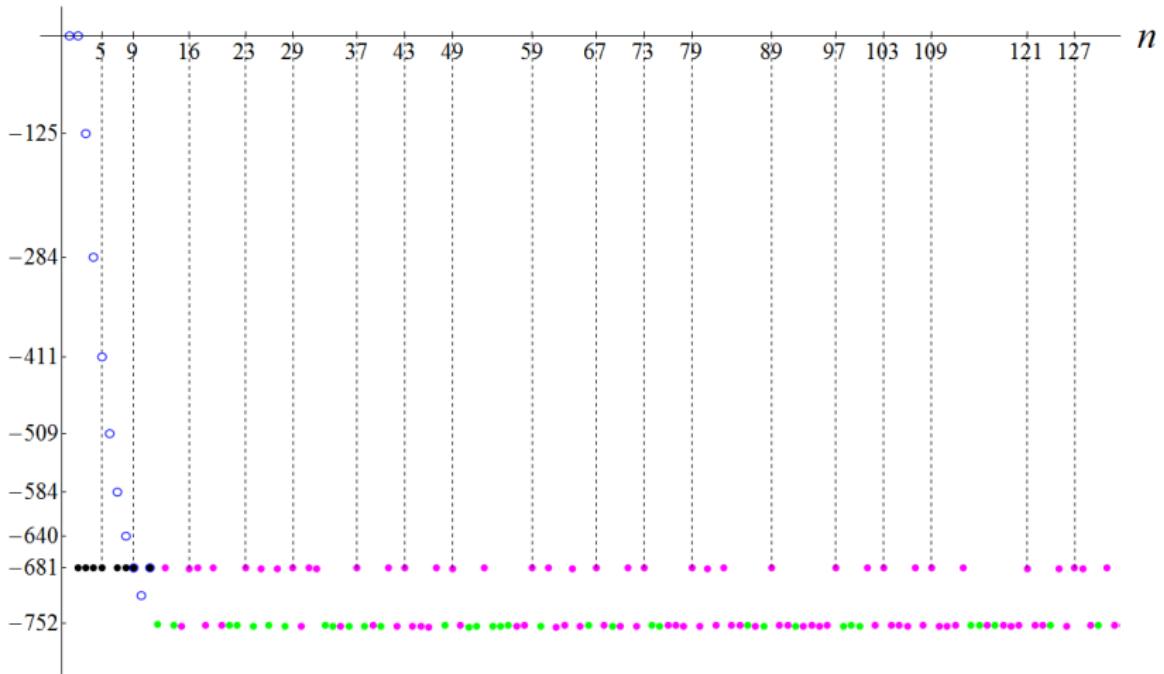




$$\sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)}$$

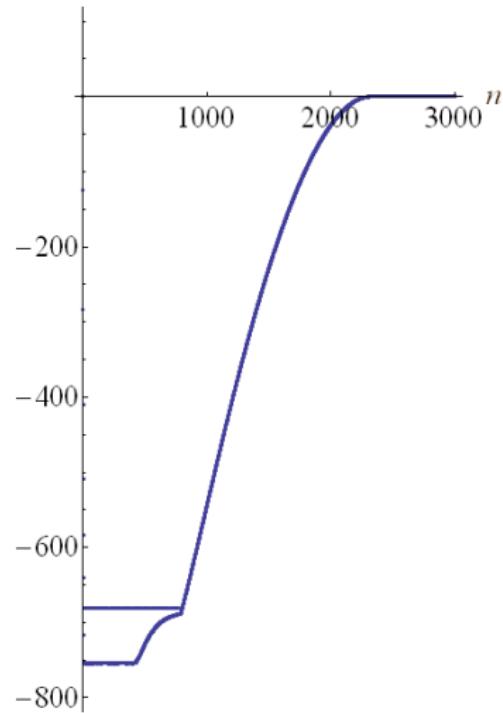
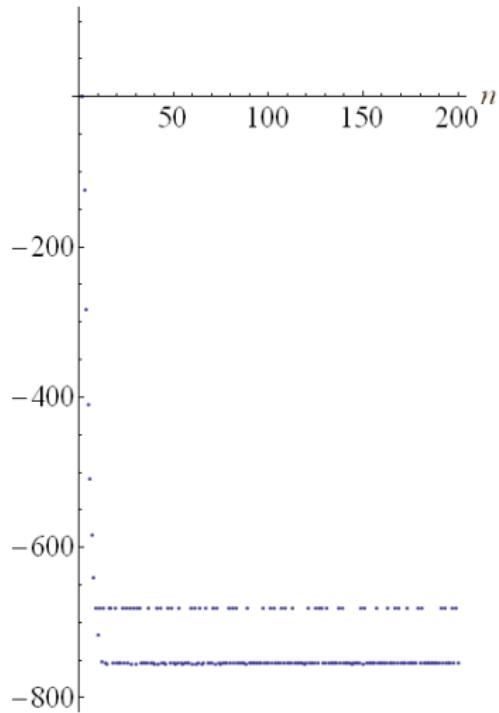


$$\sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)} \quad \Leftarrow \quad \omega_{3000} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Lambda(n) n^{-s}$$



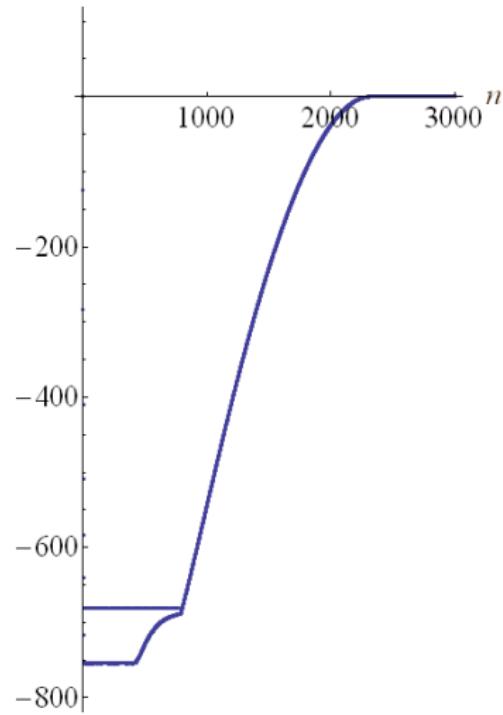
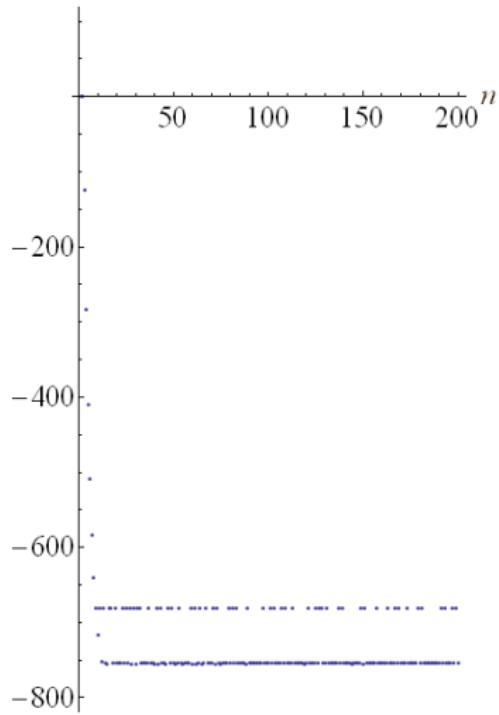
$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)} &\quad \Leftarrow \quad \omega_{3000} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Lambda(n) n^{-s} \\
 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Lambda(n) n^{-s} &= -\frac{\zeta'(s)}{\zeta(s)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Numbers  $\log_{10} |\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}|$



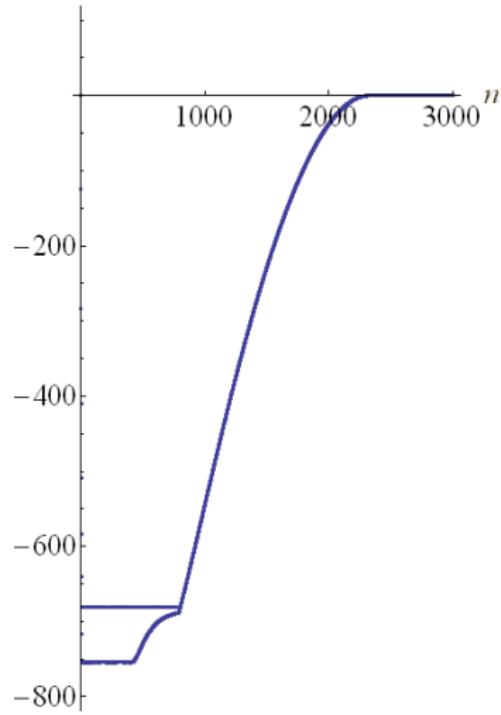
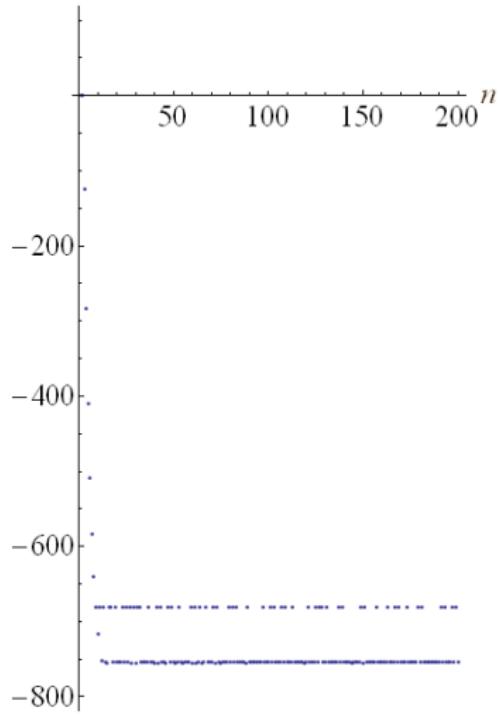
$$-\omega_{3000} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Lambda(n) n^{-s} \rightleftharpoons \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^{\Gamma}(s)}{\zeta(s)}$$

Numbers  $\log_{10} |\mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}|$



$$-\omega_{3000} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Lambda(n) n^{-s} \rightleftharpoons \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^{\Gamma}) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^{\Gamma}(s)}{\zeta(s)}$$

# Numbers $\log_{10} |\mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma|$



$$-\omega_{3000} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \Lambda(n) n^{-s} \rightleftharpoons \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)} \stackrel{?}{\approx} -\omega_{3000} \frac{\zeta'(s)}{\zeta(s)}$$

## Calculating zeta derivative at zeros

$$\sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)} \stackrel{?}{\approx} -\omega_{3000} \frac{\zeta'(s)}{\zeta(s)}$$

## Calculating zeta derivative at zeros

$$\sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000}\Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{\zeta(s)} \stackrel{?}{\approx} -\omega_{3000} \frac{\zeta'(s)}{\zeta(s)}$$

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000}\Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s) \stackrel{?}{\approx} -\omega_{3000} \zeta'(s)$$

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$$\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma \left( \frac{1}{2} + i\gamma_k \right) \stackrel{?}{\approx} -\omega_{3000} \zeta' \left( \frac{1}{2} + i\gamma_k \right)$$

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$$\left| \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma \left( \frac{1}{2} + i\gamma_{100} \right)}{-\omega_{3000} \zeta' \left( \frac{1}{2} + i\gamma_{100} \right)} - 1 \right| = 1.024\dots \cdot 10^{-36}$$

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$$\left| \frac{\Delta_{3000}^\Gamma \left( \frac{1}{2} + i\gamma_{500} \right)}{-\omega_{3000} \zeta' \left( \frac{1}{2} + i\gamma_{500} \right)} - 1 \right| = 2.786\dots \cdot 10^{-74}$$

## Calculating zeta derivative at other points

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s) \stackrel{?}{\approx} -\omega_{3000} \zeta'(s)$$

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$$s = \frac{1}{4} + 1000i$$

## Calculating zeta derivative at other points

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$$s = \frac{1}{4} + 1000i$$

$$\left| \frac{\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s)}{-\omega_{3000} \zeta'(s)} - 1 \right| = 6.44\dots \cdot 10^{-73}$$

Calculating both zeta and its derivative. |

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s) \approx -\omega_{3000} \zeta'(s)$$

## Calculating both zeta and its derivative. |

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000}\Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s) \approx -\omega_{3000}\zeta'(s)$$

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3500}\Lambda(n) - \mu_{3500,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3500}^\Gamma(s) \approx -\omega_{3500}\zeta'(s)$$

## Calculating both zeta and its derivative. |

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000}\Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s) \approx -\omega_{3000}\zeta'(s)$$

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Calculating both zeta and its derivative. |

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$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3500}\Lambda(n) - \mu_{3500,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3500}^\Gamma(s) \approx -\omega_{3500} \zeta'(s)$$

Solving this system for  $s = \frac{1}{4} + 1000i$  produces 908 correct decimal digits for  $\zeta(s)$  and 72 correct decimal digits for  $\zeta'(s)$ .

## Calculating both zeta and its derivative. II

$$\zeta(s) \sum_{n=1}^{11} (\omega_{3000} \Lambda(n) - \mu_{3000,n}^\Gamma) n^{-s} + \Delta_{3000}^\Gamma(s) \approx -\omega_{3000} \zeta'(s)$$

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Solving this system for  $s = \frac{1}{4} + 1000i$  produces 752 correct decimal digits for  $\zeta(s)$  and 72 correct decimal digits for  $\zeta'(s)$ .

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